INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2020

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the Town of Kapuskasing are the responsibility of the management and have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. A summary of the significant accounting policies are described in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgments, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

Management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

Council meets with management to review the consolidated financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by Baker Tilly HKC, independent external auditors appointed by Council. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Guylain Baril

Kapuskasing, Ontario September 28, 2021



Baker Tilly HKC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the Town of Kapuskasing

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the Town of Kapuskasing, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the consolidated statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net debt and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the organization as at December 31, 2020, and the results of its operations and accumulated surplus, its changes in net debt and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with theses requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the organization's financial reporting process.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT, (CONT'D)



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Baker Tilly HKC

Chartered Professional Accountants Licenced Public Accountants September 28, 2021

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	1
Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus	2
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Debt	3
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	4
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	5 - 21
Consolidated Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets	22
Schedule of Government Business Enterprises Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	23
Trust Funds - Independent Auditor's Report	24 - 25
Trust Funds - Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Continuity	26
Trust Funds - Notes to Financial Statements	27

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2020

		2020		2019
FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Cash and equivalents	\$	11,398,177	\$	2,050,074
Taxes receivable (note 5)	,	316,979	•	373,910
Trade and other receivables (note 6)		2,859,351		9,917,485
Inventories for resale		24,188		48,678
Due from related parties (note 7)		13,718,719		12,852,246
Long-term receivables (note 8)		406,250		1,925,000
Investments (note 9)		-		325,000
		28,723,664		27,492,393
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		3,789,163		3,655,255
Landfill closure and post closure liabilities (note 17)		2,615,872		2,517,872
Liability for losses in government business enterprises (note 11)		5,558,612		4,627,187
Deferred revenues - obligatory reserve funds (note 12)		3,679,080		3,576,831
Long-term debt (note 13)		26,252,888		28,171,098
		41,895,615		42,548,243
NET DEBT		(13,171,951)		(15,055,850)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Tangible capital assets - net book value (note 14)		95,306,269		96,466,381
Inventories held for consumption or use		161,135		150,193
Prepaid expenses		275,730		28,991
		95,743,134		96,625,565
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (note 15)	\$	82,571,183	\$	81,569,715

CONTINGENCIES - notes 17, 20 and 22 CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS - note 18 COMMITMENT - note 19

On behalf of Council:

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Budget (note 23)	2020 Actual	2019 Actual
REVENUES Residential taxation Commercial and business taxation	\$	7,255,999 3,866,988	\$ 7,261,027 3,874,132	\$ 7,228,537 3,806,288
Payments in lieu of taxation Ontario Municipal Partnership Fund Provincial offences		200,196 4,666,200 136,905	200,243 4,666,200 113,584	199,199 4,666,200 161,978
User fees and service charges Interest and penalties Government transfers for operating - Provincial		6,945,277 619,040 963,644	6,408,007 578,103 699,591	8,037,426 651,117 927,931
Other revenues Solar energy revenues		814,696 288,660	644,491 291,290	702,218 290,679
	2	25,757,605	24,736,668	26,671,573
EXPENSES Concept accomment		2 264 207	2 0 1 9 1 0 4	2 248 020
General government Protection to persons and property Transportation services		2,264,297 4,212,627 4,231,964	2,018,104 4,379,675 5,749,956	2,348,039 4,408,908 5,920,052
Environmental services Health services Social and family services		4,958,562 494,445 1,608,020	6,410,168 472,975 1,603,794	6,693,254 450,357 1,593,246
Recreation and cultural services Planning and development		2,933,792 458,298	3,082,584 727,756	3,075,803 643,530
Solar energy expenses Loss on disposition of investments (note 9) Government business enterprises - net loss (note 11)		95,306 - -	215,028 325,000 931,425	243,722 - 1,026,123
	2	21,257,311	25,916,465	26,403,034
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES (EXPENSES OVER REVENUES)		4,500,294	(1,179,797)	268,539
OTHER REVENUES Government transfers for capital - Provincial		3,229,362	774,820	1,138,133
Government transfers for capital - Federal		5,285,822	1,406,445	2,600,750
ANNUAL SURPLUS	1	<u>8,515,184</u> 13,015,478	2,181,265	3,738,883
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	ç	81,569,715	81,569,715	77,562,293
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR (note 15)		94,585,193	\$ 82,571,183	\$ 81,569,715

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		2020 Actual	2019 Actual
ANNUAL SURPLUS	\$	1,001,468	\$ 4,007,422
NON-FINANCIAL ASSET ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(3,044,956)	(6,572,736)
Amortization of tangible capital assets		4,185,068	3,975,191
Change in inventories held for consumption use		(10,942)	(44,445)
Change in prepaid expenses	_	(246,739)	(17,906)
DECREASE IN NET DEBT		1,883,899	1,347,526
NET DEBT, BEGINNING OF YEAR		(15,055,850)	(16,403,376)
NET DEBT, END OF YEAR	\$	(13,171,951)	\$ (15,055,850)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020	2019
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Annual surplus	\$ 1,001,468	\$ 4,007,422
Items not involving cash:	, ,	, ,
Amortization of tangible capital assets	4,185,068	3,975,191
Government business enterprises - net loss	931,425	1,026,123
Provision for landfill closure and post-closure cost	98,000	100,385
Loss on disposition of investments	 325,000	-
	6,540,961	9,109,121
Changes in:	56.001	51 005
Taxes receivable	56,931	71,925
Trade and other receivables	7,058,134	(4,996,789)
Inventories for resale	24,490	12,402
Account payable and accrued liabilities	133,908	247,754
Deferred revenues - obligatory reserve funds	102,249	637,427
Inventories held for consumption or use	(10,942)	(44,445)
Prepaid expenses	 (246,739)	(17,906)
	 13,658,992	5,019,489
FINANCING ACTIVITY	(1.010.010)	
Principal payments on long-term debt	 (1,918,210)	(1,883,020)
CAPITAL ACTIVITY		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	 (3,044,956)	(6,572,736)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net advances to related parties	(866,473)	(218,193)
Net advances from long-term receivables	 1,518,750	525,000
	 652,277	306,807
CHANGE IN CASH POSITION	9,348,103	(3,129,460)
CASH POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 2,050,074	5,179,534
CASH POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 11,398,177	\$ 2,050,074

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

The Corporation of the Town of Kapuskasing (the municipality) is a single-tier municipal corporation located in Northern Ontario.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the municipality are the representation of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments (Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards) as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the municipality are as follows:

BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

These consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, reserve funds and reserves of the municipality and include the activities of all committees of Council and the following boards, municipal business enterprises and utilities which are under the control of Council:

Museum Board Planning Board Kapuskasing Public Library Board Downtown Business Improvement Area Board Kapuskasing Economic Development Corporation Kapuskasing-Moonbeam Landfill Site Management Board

All interfund assets and liabilities and sources of financing and expenses have been eliminated.

NON-CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES

The following local boards, joint local boards and municipal business enterprises are not consolidated.

Non-consolidated entities:

Kapuskasing Golden Age Club Kapuskasing Municipal Non-Profit Housing Corporation North Centennial Manor Inc. North East Recycling Association Kapuskasing Volunteer Firefighters Non-consolidated joint local boards:

Porcupine Health Unit Cochrane District Social Services Administration Board (CDSSAB)

Government Business Enterprises

Government business enterprises are not consolidated, but are accounted for using the modified equity method in these consolidated financial statements. Under the modified equity method of accounting, only the municipality's investment in the government business enterprise and the enterprises' net income or loss and other changes in equity are recorded. No adjustment is made for accounting policies of the enterprise that are different from those of the municipality, except that any other comprehensive income of the business enterprise is accounted for as an adjustment to the accumulated surplus or deficit. Inter-organizational transactions and balances are not eliminated, except for any profit or loss on the sale between entities of assets that remain within the reporting entity.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

ACCOUNTING FOR SCHOOL BOARD TRANSACTIONS

The taxation, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the school boards are not reflected in these consolidated financial statements. Note 2 provides details of amounts raised and transferred to the school boards.

TRUST FUNDS

The Cemetery Care and Maintenance Fund trust funds administered by the municipality are not consolidated but are outlined in note 4 to the financial statements.

ACCRUAL ACCOUNTING

Revenues and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting which recognizes revenues as they become earned and measurable. Revenues from taxation, grants and all other sources are recognized when the amount is fixed or reasonably determinable and collectability is reasonably assured. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of Government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future or the result of a direct financial return. Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which events giving rise to transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, eligibility criteria are met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made. Government grants are recognized when approved to the extent the related expenses have been incurred and collection is reasonably assured.

The municipality also transfers assets to other level of Government and/or other organizations. These transfers are recorded as an expense when they are authorized and eligibility criteria is met, if any.

TAXATION

Property tax billings are prepared by the Municipality based on assessment rolls issued by the Municipal Property Assessment Corporation (MPAC) and in accordance with the provisions of the Municipal Act, 2001. The Municipal Council establishes the tax rates annually, incorporating amounts to be raised for local services and on behalf of the School Boards in respect of education taxes. From time to time property assessments are adjusted by MPAC through the reconsideration process or by the Assessment Review Board through the appeal process. Additional assessments, referred to as supplementary and omitted assessments can also be issued by MPAC in accordance with the Assessment Act. These adjustments and additional assessments are processed by the Municipality upon receipt and recognized in the fiscal year they are determined. All property taxes are secured by the land and pose minimal collection risk.

USER FEES AND SERVICE CHARGES

User fees and services charges are recognized when the activity is performed or when the services are rendered.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash consists of balances held at financial institutions and all cash equivalents consist of highly liquid financial instruments with maturity of three months or less at acquisition.

INVENTORIES

Inventories for resale are recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Inventories held for consumption or use are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES

Long-term receivable are recorded at cost. Valuation of the receivable is assessed annually by management. Any write-downs are recorded in the period in which the change in value occurred. The interest is recorded when earned.

MULTI-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION

Substantially all of the employees of the municipality are eligible to be members of the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System (OMERS), which is a multi-employer, defined benefit, final average earnings, contributory pension plan. Defined contribution plan accounting is applied to OMERS, whereby contributions are expensed when due, as the municipality has insufficient information to apply defined benefit accounting.

DEFERRED REVENUES - OBLIGATORY RESERVE FUNDS

Grants, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used in the conduct of certain projects or the completion of specific work. In addition certain fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred or the services are performed.

A requirement of the Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards is that the obligatory reserve funds be reported as deferred revenue. This requirement is in place as provincial legislation and other agreements restrict how these funds may be used and under certain circumstances these funds may possibly be refunded.

Funds from external sources and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds until used for the purpose specified.

NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year combined with the annual surplus provides the change in net financial assets (net debt) for the year.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, if any, of the tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis, over the expected useful life of the assets, as follows:

Buildings	15 to 40 years
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	5 to 25 years
Street lights and hydrants	50 years
Roads	5 to 70 years
Water and sewer systems	50 years
Solar panels	20 years

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair market value at the date of receipt.

BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying tangible capital asset are capitalized during the period of time that is necessary to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur. Borrowing costs consists of interest and other costs that the municipality incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

RESERVES AND RESERVE FUNDS

Certain amounts, as approved by Council, are set aside in reserves and reserve funds for future operating and capital purposes. Transfers to and from reserves and reserve funds are recorded as an adjustment to the respective fund when approved.

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in operations in the period in which they become known. Significant estimates are used when accounting for the allowance for uncollectible taxes and other receivables, determining the useful lives of tangible capital assets, accrued liabilities and contingencies. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

2. OPERATIONS OF SCHOOL BOARDS

Tax collected and transferred to school boards are comprised of the following:

	Public	Separate	Total 2020	Total 2019
Regular tax levy Supplementary tax levy Write-offs and adjustments	\$ 799,689 7,801 (24,202)	\$ 854,535 5,821 (25,451)	\$ 1,654,224 13,622 (49,653)	\$ 1,671,886 20,879 (54,403)
	\$ 783,288	\$ 834,905	\$ 1,618,193	\$ 1,638,362

3. CONTRIBUTIONS TO NON-CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES

The following contributions were made by the municipality to these local boards and joint boards and are included in expenses on the consolidated statement of operations.

	Budget (note 23)	2020 Actual	2019 Actual
Kapuskasing Golden Age Club	\$ 42,700	\$ 4,328	\$ 12,155
Cochrane District Social Services			
Administration Board	1,248,240	1,248,240	1,231,689
Porcupine Health Unit	279,350	279,350	279,350
North Centennial Manor Inc.	314,080	314,080	314,080
Kapuskasing Volunteer Firefighters	 117,835	104,646	100,045
	\$ 2,002,205	\$ 1,950,644	\$ 1,937,319

4. TRUST FUNDS

Details of these funds are presented on page 26. The year-end balances of these trust funds are as follows:

		2020	2019		
	^		¢		
Cemetery Care and Maintenance Fund	\$	526,636	\$	498,487	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

5. TAXES RECEIVABLE

		2020	2019		
Current year	\$	255,517	\$	273,387	
Prior years	Ψ	50,543	Ψ	49,691	
Penalties and interest		10,977		10,859	
Due on property under registration		22,942		115,973	
Allowance for doubtful taxes receivable		(23,000)		(76,000)	
	\$	316,979	\$	373,910	
6. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES					
		2020		2019	
Government of Canada	\$	1,159,293	\$	7,276,479	
Province of Ontario		485,263		1,176,166	
Other		1,214,795		1,464,840	
	\$	2,859,351	\$	9,917,485	
7. DUE FROM RELATED PARTIES					
		2020		2019	
Énergie Kapuskasing Energy Inc.	\$	6,444,996	\$	6,215,314	
Solaire Kapuskasing Solar Inc.	ф 	7,273,723	7	6,636,932	
	\$	13,718,719	\$	12,852,246	

Notes receivable with no set terms of repayment, unsecured and bearing interest at 4%. During the year, a total of \$440,052 (2019 - \$440,052) of interest was charged to these government business enterprises.

8. LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES

	2020	2019
Physician recruitment incentives, interest free, unsecured, due between 2021 and 2024	\$ 406,250	\$ 425,000
Advance to Énergie Kapuskasing Energy Inc. from the Kapuskasing-Moonbeam Landfill Site		
Management Board, amount received during the year	 -	1,500,000
	\$ 406,250	\$ 1,925,000

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

9. INVESTMENTS

a) The municipality sold its shares of CannAssist Canada Inc. in return for land which had originally been exchanged at an estimated value of \$325,000, resulting in a loss of the same amount.

b) The municipality is also a majority shareholder in 7 corporations and owns a limited partnership interest in two partnerships that are all operating solar generation projects. The municipality is expected to generate investment income such as dividends and partnership allocations from these investments. In addition, the municipality has agreements in place that indemnifies them for all costs, losses and liabilities related to these investments and projects. The fair market value of these investments are currently not determinable.

10. LINE OF CREDIT

The municipality has an authorized line of credit of \$15,124,149 from January 1st to September 30th and reducing to \$7,562,074 from October 1st to December 31st, bearing interest at prime, secured by a Borrowing By-Law approved by Council. As at December 31, 2020, the line of credit is not utilized.

11. INVESTMENT IN GOVERNMENT BUSINESS ENTERPRISES

Capital deficiency in government business enterprises is as follows:

	Kapusl	nergie kasing gy Inc.	K۵	Solaire apuskasing Solar Inc.	Hydro puskasing <u>Hydro Inc.</u>	2020 Total	2019 Total
Capital deficiency, beginning of year Net income (loss)		50,632) 50,395)	\$	(3,203,796) (523,889)	\$ (172,759) 172,859	\$ (4,627,187) (931,425)	\$ (3,601,064) (1,026,123)
Capital deficiency end of year	\$ (1,83	51,027)	\$	(3,727,685)	\$ 100	\$ (5,558,612)	\$ (4,627,187)

The corporations are in a deficit position as of December 31, 2020. The municipality, as the sole owner of the corporations, is responsible for this excess of liabilities over assets (capital deficiency).

Additional information is available in note 22 and on the Schedule of Government Business Enterprises Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (page 23).

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

12. DEFERRED REVENUES - OBLIGATORY RESERVE FUNDS

	 2020	2019
DEFERRED REVENUE		
Tenant deposits	\$ 1,331,971	\$ 758,470
Other	 83,789	96,954
	 1,415,760	855,424
OBLIGATORY RESERVE FUNDS	2.07(452	2 711 (04
Federal Gas Tax	2,076,452	2,711,604
MMAH - COVID-19	177,065	-
Other	 9,803	9,803
	 2,263,320	2,721,407
	\$ 3,679,080	\$ 3,576,831

The continuity of deferred revenues and obligatory reserve funds is as follows:

	2020	2019
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 3,576,831	\$ 2,939,404
FUNDS RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR		
Federal Gas Tax	503,096	1,034,921
Interest earned on Federal Gas Tax funds	21,470	45,637
Tenant deposits	638,476	50,485
MMAH - COVID-19	490,500	-
Other	14,718	17,977
	 1,668,260	1,149,020
FUNDS RECOGNIZED AS REVENUE DURING THE YEAR		
Federal Gas Tax	(1,159,718)	(462,410)
Tenants deposits	(66,924)	-
MMAH - COVID-19	(313,435)	-
Other	 (25,934)	(49,183)
	 (1,566,011)	(511,593)
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 3,679,080	\$ 3,576,831

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

13. LONG-TERM DEBT

	2020	2019
2.64% debenture payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$20,559, due in 2046, recoverable from local improvement levies	\$ 759,571	\$ 780,227
5.24% loan payable in blended monthly instalments of \$7,413, due in 2029	594,797	650,977
4.80% loan payable in blended monthly instalments of \$5,769, due in 2029	501,392	545,404
3.59% debenture payable in blended annual instalments of \$174,618, due in 2025	786,403	927,716
3.79% debenture payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$131,504, due in 2021	129,059	380,020
4.28% debenture payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$6,895, due in 2026	66,950	77,534
2.00% debenture payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$70,585, due in 2031	1,387,743	1,499,481
4.00% loan payable in blended monthly instalments of \$15,755, due in 2032	1,730,492	1,847,787
2.69% debenture payable in blended monthly instalments of \$6,989, due in 2022	140,930	208,605
3.41% debenture payable in blended monthly instalments of \$5,733, due in 2032	676,722	721,606
2.92% debenture payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$46,993, due in 2024	310,553	393,648
3.71% debenture payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$22,092, due in 2034	465,898	492,067
2.77% debenture payable in blended monthly instalments of \$21,267, due in 2040	3,791,968	3,939,911
2.59% debenture payable in blended monthly instalments of \$1,099, due in 2031	121,943	131,832
2.91% debenture payable in blended monthly instalments of \$28,515, due in 2036	4,282,799	4,496,947

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

13. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONT'D)

	2020	2019
1.58% debenture payable in blended monthly instalments of \$1,873, due in 2021	13,043	35,126
2.13% debenture payable in blended monthly instalments of \$6,991, due in 2026	441,252	514,893
4.26% debenture payable in blended monthly instalments of \$23,693, due in 2022	3,043,550	3,194,696
3.35% loan payable in blended monthly instalments of \$42,670, due in 2022	6,489,865	6,779,212
2.69% debenture payable in blended monthly instalments of \$951, due in 2022	22,205	32,868
2.69% debenture payable in blended monthly instalments of \$3,300, due in 2036	 495,753	520,541
	\$ 26,252,888	\$ 28,171,098

Principal payments and interest required on this debt during the next 5 fiscal years are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 1,842,110 \$	\$ 841,710 \$	2,683,820
2022	10,359,361	636,965	10,996,326
2023	1,239,033	419,952	1,658,985
2024	1,232,234	379,082	1,611,316
2025	1,224,762	340,236	1,564,998
2026 and subsequent years	10,355,388	1,749,957	12,105,345
	<u>\$</u> 26,252,888 S	\$ 4,367,902 \$	30,620,790

Interest paid during they year on long-term debt amounted to \$912,651 (2019 - \$969,376).

The loans and debentures are secured by Capital Expenditure Borrowing By-Laws.

The annual principal and interest payments required to service these liabilities are within the annual debt repayment limit prescribed by the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

14. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

		2020	2019
Land	\$	639,873	\$ 639,873
Buildings	2	4,334,590	24,940,930
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	1	4,918,403	15,770,676
Street lights and hydrants		754,345	796,361
Roads	2	8,512,686	28,651,207
Water system	1	0,552,551	9,583,726
Sewer system	1	4,128,434	14,472,708
Solar panels		1,465,387	1,590,900
	\$ 9	5,306,269	\$ 96,446,381

For additional information, see the Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets (page 22).

The distribution by segment is as follows:

	2020	2019
General government	\$ 1,377,212	\$ 1,422,960
Protection to persons and property	2,247,773	2,386,674
Transportation services	33,543,649	33,200,599
Environmental services	42,859,996	43,536,308
Health services	169,870	185,873
Recreation and cultural services	6,338,140	6,519,623
Planning and development	7,304,242	7,603,444
Solar panels	 1,465,387	1,590,900
	\$ 95,306,269	\$ 96,446,381

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

15. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

The accumulated surplus consists of the following:

	2020	2019
RESERVES SET ASIDE BY COUNCIL		
	\$ 2.820.067	\$ 2,718,983
Capital projects Other	+))	. , ,
PUC reserve	1,612,301 3,004,653	1,585,470 3,004,653
Sewage system	1,013,426	649,257
Water system	2,895,584	2,411,557
Working capital	6,487,004	5,596,171
working capital	0,407,004	5,590,171
	17,833,035	15,966,091
INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS		
Tangible capital assets - net book value	95,306,269	96,446,381
Long-term debt related to tangible capital assets	(26,252,888)	(28,171,098)
	69,053,381	68,275,283
	09,055,581	08,275,285
GENERAL OPERATING SURPLUS (DEFICIT)		
Corporation of the Town of Kapuskasing	1,506,019	2,528,587
Kapuskasing Public Library Board	78,804	72,491
Downtown Business Improvement Area Board	88,964	67,431
Kapuskasing Economic Development Corporation	(140,006)	(404,089)
Kapuskasing-Moonbeam Landfill Site Management Board	(290,402)	(308,892)
Government Business Enterprises	(5,558,612)	(4,627,187)
	(4,315,233)	(2,671,659)
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	\$ 82,571,183	\$ 81,569,715

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

16. EXPENSES BY OBJECT

	Budget (note 23)	2020 Actual	2019 Actual
Salary, wages and employee benefits Debt interest charges Materials and supplies Contracted services Rents and financial expenses External transfers (note 3) Amortization of tangible capital assets Government business enterprises - net loss	\$ 8,810,961 897,392 2,702,962 6,295,811 547,980 2,002,205	\$ 8,140,349 912,651 2,342,986 6,632,465 820,877 1,950,644 4,185,068 931,425	\$ $\begin{array}{r} 8,633,524\\ 969,376\\ 2,463,796\\ 6,645,323\\ 752,382\\ 1,937,319\\ 3,975,191\\ 1,026,123\end{array}$
	\$ 21,257,311	\$ 25,916,465	\$ 26,403,034

17. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE LIABILITY

The municipality along with the Township of Moonbeam manages and operates the Kapuskasing-Moonbeam Landfill Site Management Board (the Board).

Canadian Public Sector accounting Standards and guidelines provided by the Ministry of Municipal Affairs requires that landfill operators accrue for the future costs of landfill closure and post-closure on an annual basis. The municipality is liable for the closing of this landfill site and post-closure costs for monitoring, reporting and maintenance on an annual basis for an estimated period of 25 years following the closure of the site. Closure and post-closure costs include final covering and landscaping, testing of ground water, environmental monitoring, site inspections and site maintenance. The annual charge should be calculated by dividing the estimated closure costs by the estimated life of the landfill (volumetric capacity or years of service remaining) and charging that amount to operations.

The expected remaining life of the landfill is 12 years and the total estimated capacity of the landfill site is approximately 960,000 metric tons. Cumulative metric tons to date amount to approximately 550,000.

The latest estimate provides for a liability of 2,615,872 (2019 - 2,517,872) and a current charge of 98,000 (2019 - 100,385). The estimated total liability is based on the sum of discounted cash flows for closure and post-closure activities for 25 years after closure using a discount rate of 3.4% (2019 - 3.0%) which is the municipality's average borrowing rate.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

18. CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

a) During the year, the municipality negotiated a three-year renewal of a joint policing contract with the Minister of Community Safety and Correctional Services of Ontario (MCSCS) for the provision of police services by the Ontario Provincial Police (OPP). The term of this contract runs from January 1, 2020 until December 31, 2021, with the cost determined annually through a budget process. Either party to the agreement may terminate the contract upon one year's written notice. The annual statements are provided on or before October 1st each year for the municipality to review and approve. During the year ended December 31, 2020, the municipality's total expense for police services was \$2,052,013 (2019 - \$1,985,632). The estimated cost for 2021 is \$2,077,141.

b) During the year, the municipality awarded a construction contract for a total cost of \$4,934,550. Total costs incurred as at December 31, 2020 was \$1,486,335 leaving a total remaining obligation of \$3,448,215.

19. COMMITMENT

The municipality has committed to donate \$18,750 for 4 years to support the Sensenbrenner Hospital CT Scan campaign. As at December 31, 2020, two payments are remaining for a total commitment of \$37,500.

20. OTHER CONTINGENCIES

The municipality is involved in a number of claims and possible claims which are the result of normal on-going operations. Management feels that these claims are either without merit or will be covered by insurance. No provision has been made in these financial statements to reflect any of these claims. Any settlements which may arise will be reflected in the financial statements in the year the amount is determined.

21. RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Substantially all of the Town of Kapuskasing employees are members of the Ontario Municipal Employee's Retirement System Plan ("OMERS"), which is a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan available to all eligible employees of the participating members of the Ontario Municipalities and their employees. Contributions to the plan made during the year by the municipality on behalf of its employees amounted to \$562,996 (2019 - \$553,754) and are included in the statement of operations. As this is a multi-employer pension plan, these contributions are the municipality's pension benefit expenses. Any pension plan surpluses or deficits are a joint responsibility of member organizations and their employees. As a result, the organization does not recognize any share of the Plan's surplus or deficit. No contributing employer or employee has any liability, directly or indirectly, to provide the benefits established by this plan beyond the obligation to make contributions pursuant to the Plan policies.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

22. GOVERNMENT BUSINESS ENTERPRISES

The municipality is the 100% owner of all of the issued capital of the corporation Énergie Kapuskasing Energy Inc. (EKE) which is the sole shareholder of both Hydro Kapuskasing Hydro Inc. (HKH) and Solaire Kapuskasing Solar Inc. (SKS). The financial activities are not consolidated with the municipality but are accounted for using the modified equity method. The municipality is contingently liable for the share of the accumulated operating losses of the government business enterprises. These losses amount to \$5,558,612 as of December 31, 2020 (2019 - \$4,627,187). The details of the financial position of the government business enterprises can be found on the Schedule of Government Business Enterprises Condensed Supplementary Financial Information (page 23). The following is a summary of the activities of these corporations:

Énergie Kapuskasing Energy Inc.

EKE is a shareholder in 16 corporations owned in part by municipalities across Northern Ontario. Each of these corporations have been established to own and operate solar panel electricity generation projects in their respective municipalities. EKE is responsible for the construction, administration and management of these solar projects and has applied with Ontario Power Authority (OPA) and/or the Independent Electricity System Operator (IESO) on behalf of these corporations to proceed with the solar projects.

The corporations are Englehart Solar Inc., Solaire Cobalt Solar Inc., Solaire McGarry Solar Inc., Énergie Matachewan Energy Inc. and The Town of Kirkland Lake Solar Inc. which own and operate solar projects. The balance of the shares issued are held by the respective municipalities named in the corporation.

Solaire Kapuskasing Solar Inc.

SKS is a participant in two solar projects: Owens and Williamson projects and ASI SPE projects.

Hydro Kapuskasing Hydro Inc.

HKH is currently inactive and is expected to be dissolved.

Additionally, the municipality has guaranteed the following advance and loans held directly and indirectly by its government business enterprises:

	2020	2019
Loan to Énergie Kapuskasing Energy Inc. from la Caisse populaire Alliance limitée, term ending in 2023	1,188,701	1,252,298
Loan to Solaire Kapuskasing Solar Inc. from Concentra Bank, due in 2027	7,139,713	7,475,507
Loan to Solaire Kapuskasing Solar Inc. from TD Equipment Finance, due in 2027	 7,539,312	7,910,294
	\$ 15,867,726	\$ 16,638,099

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

23. BUDGET FIGURES (UNAUDITED)

The 2020 budget approved by Council was not prepared on a basis consistent with that used to report actual results. The budget was prepared on a modified accrual basis while Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards require a full accrual basis. The budget figures treated all tangible capital purchases as expenses and did not include amortization expense on tangible capital assets. The budget also includes loan proceeds as revenues and principal payments on long term debt as expenses. Transfers to and from reserves are also budgeted as revenues and expenses while they should be reported as appropriations to and from the accumulated surplus. The budget figures presented on the statement of operations and accumulated surplus have been adjusted to exclude these amounts.

24. COVID-19 PANDEMIC AND IMPACT ON OPERATIONS

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization categorized COVID-19 as a pandemic. The potential economic effects within the municipality's environment and in the global markets, possible disruption in supply chains, and measures being introduced by the government to curtail the spread of the virus (such as travel restrictions, closures of non-essential municipal and private operations, imposition of quarantines and social distancing) could have a material impact on the municipality's operations. The extent of the impact of this ongoing outbreak and related containment measures on the municipality's operations cannot be reliably estimated at this time.

25. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

a) Subsequent to year end, the municipality awarded a construction contract for a total cost of \$3,681,094 for the rehabilitation of bridges.

b) Subsequent to year end, the municipality purchased land for \$120,000.

26. FUTURE CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Pronouncements for 2020 are: Financial Statement Presentation, PS 1201, Foreign Currency Translation, PS 2601, Portfolio Investments, PS 3041, Asset Retirement Obligations, PS 3280 and Financial Instruments, PS 3450. They are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2021. PS 1201 Financial Statement Presentation includes the addition of a new statement outlining re-measurement gains and losses. PS 2601, Foreign Currency Translation includes guidance on deferral and amortization of unrealized gains and losses, hedge accounting and separation of realized and unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses. PS 3041establishes details relating to investments in organizations that do not form part of the government reporting entity. PS 3280 establishes uniform criteria for recognition and measurement of asset retirement obligations. PS 3450 provides guidance derivative instruments.

Other pronouncements for 2020 also includes Revenue, PS 3400 and is effective for fiscal year beginning on or after April 1, 2022.

The municipality has not yet adopted these standards and is currently assessing the impact of these standards on its financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

27. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The municipality is a municipal government institution that provides a range of services to its residents. The nature of the segments and the activities they encompass are as follows:

General Government

General government consists of the activities of Council and general financial and administrative management of the municipality and its programs and services.

Protection Services

Protection services include fire, police services and other protection services.

Transportation Services

The activities of the transportation function include construction and maintenance of the municipality's roads and bridges, winter control, street lighting, air transportation and transit services.

Environmental

This function is responsible for providing water and sewer services to certain areas within the municipality. It is also responsible for providing waste collection, waste disposal and recycling services.

Health Services

The health services function consists of the activities of the cemetery and other medical services.

Social and Family Services

This function provides general assistance for social and family services.

Recreation and Cultural Services

The recreation and cultural services function provides indoor and outdoor recreational facilities and programs and library services.

Planning and Development

The planning and development services function manages commercial, industrial and residential development within the municipality.

The accounting policies used in these segments are the same as those described in note 1.

KAPUSKASING	
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CORPORA	

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Land	Buildings	Vehicles, machinery, equipment	Street lights / hydrants	Roads	Water system	Sewer system	Solar panels	T otal 2020	Total 2019
COST Beginning of year Additions Disposals	\$ 639,873 -	639,873 \$ 37,748,358 \$ 31,756,467 440,049 775,254 - (5,000) (145,290)	\$ 31,756,467 775,254 (145,290)	\$ 1,352,159 7,114	1,352,159 \$ 40,270,297 \$ 14,469,905 7,114 589,891 1,232,648	\$ 14,469,905 1,232,648 -	\$ 20,856,654 { -	\$ 2,510,261 -	\$ 20,856,654 \$ 2,510,261 \$ 149,603,974 - 3,044,956 - (150,290)	<pre>\$ 143,077,248 6,572,736 (46,010)</pre>
End of year	639,873	38,183,407	32,386,431	1,359,273	40,860,188	15,702,553	20,856,654	2,510,261	152,498,640	149,603,974
ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION Beginning of year Amortization Disposals		$12,807,428 \\1,046,389 \\(5,000)$	$\begin{array}{c} 15,985,791 \\ 1,627,527 \\ (145,290) \end{array}$	555,798 49,130	11,619,090 728,412 -	4,886,179 263,823 -	6,383,946 344,274 -	919,361 125,513 -	53,157,593 4,185,068 (150,290)	$\begin{array}{c} 49,228,412\\ 3,975,191\\ (46,010)\end{array}$
End of year	ı	13,848,817	17,468,028	604,928	12,347,502	5,150,002	6,728,220	1,044,874	57,192,371	53,157,593
NET BOOK VALUE	\$ 639,873	\$ 24,334,590	<pre>\$ 639,873 \$ 24,334,590 \$ 14,918,403</pre>	s	\$ 28,512,686	\$ 10,552,551	754,345 \$ 28,512,686 \$ 10,552,551 \$ 14,128,434 \$ 1,465,387 \$ 95,306,269 \$ 96,446,381	\$ 1,465,387	\$ 95,306,269	\$ 96,446,381

22

SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENT BUSINESS ENTERPRISES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

The consolidated financial statements of Énergie Kapuskasing Energy Inc., has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and include the accounts of its wholly-owned subsidiaries Solaire Kapuskasing Solar Inc. and Hydro Kapuskasing Hydro Inc. Below is a summary of the consolidated statement of financial position of Énergie Kapuskasing Energy Inc. as at December 31, 2020:

		2020		2019
ASSETS				
Current assets	\$	1,369,733	\$	1,338,439
Due from municipal solar corporations	Ŷ	12,111,464	Ŷ	13,595,596
		13,481,197		14,934,035
		- , - ,		<u> </u>
LONG-TERM ASSETS		551,956		475,174
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT		11,651,514		12,393,795
	\$	25,684,667	\$	27,803,004
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities	\$	68,719	\$	397,335
Due to the Corporation of the Town of Kapuskasing		13,718,719		12,852,246
Advances due on demand		-		1,500,000
Current portion of long-term debt		809,873		770,370
		14,597,311		15,519,951
LONG-TERM DEBT		15,057,853		15,867,729
LIABILITY FOR LOSSES IN MUNICIPAL SOLAR CORPORATIONS		1,588,115		1,042,511
		-,		_,,
		31,243,279		32,430,191
CAPITAL DEFICIENCY		100		100
CAPITAL STOCK		100		100
ACCUMULATED DEFICIT		(5,558,712)		(4,627,287)
		(5,558,612)		(4,627,187)
	\$	25,864,667	\$	27,803,004

This summary statement does not contain all the disclosure required by the International Financial Reporting Standards. The complete set of financial statements can be obtained from management.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the Town of Kapuskasing

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the trust funds of the Corporation of the Town of Kapuskasing, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the statements of continuity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the trust funds of the organization as at December 31, 2020, and its continuity for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with theses requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the organization's financial reporting process.

ASSURANCE · TAX · ADVISORY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT, (CONT'D)



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Baker Tilly HKC

Chartered Professional Accountants Licenced Public Accountants September 28, 2021

TRUST FUNDS

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020	2019
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Short-term investments (note 2) Interfund receivable	\$ 521,967 \$ 4,669	493,818 4,669
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	\$ 526,636 \$	498,487

TRUST FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CONTINUITY

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		2020	2019
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS,	¢		
BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	498,487 \$	467,749
REVENUES			
Sale of plots		8,381	8,632
Marker installation		1,850	1,600
Investment income		17,918	20,506
		28,149	30,738
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS,		20,119	00,700
END OF YEAR	\$	526,636 \$	498,487

TRUST FUNDS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Capital receipts and income are reported on the cash basis of accounting.

Expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting, which recognizes expenses as they are incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

2. INVESTMENTS

The fair market value of the investments on December 31, 2020 is \$544,982 (2019 - \$496,521).